AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1-6. (Canceled)

7. (Withdrawn – Currently Amended) A method for inhibiting a blood-brain barrier disruption which comprises a step of administering to mammals such as a human a mammal, an effective amount of a pyrazolone derivative represented by the formula (I) or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof, or a hydrate thereof or a solvate thereof:

$$R^{2} \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{c} R^{1} \\ N \\ N \\ R^{3} \end{array}}$$
 (I)

wherein R¹ represents a hydrogen atom, an aryl group, a C₁₋₅ alkyl group, or a C₃₋₆ (total carbon number) alkoxycarbonylalkyl group; R² represents a hydrogen atom, an aryloxy group, an arylmercapto group, a C₁₋₅ alkyl group or a C₁₋₃ hydroxyalkyl group; or R¹ and R² are combined with each other to represent C₃₋₅ alkylene group; and R³ represents a hydrogen atom, a C₁₋₅ alkyl group, a C₅₋₇ cycloalkyl group, a C₁₋₃ hydroxyalkyl group, a benzyl group, a naphthyl group, a phenyl group, or a phenyl group substituted with the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a C₁₋₅ alkyl group, a C₁₋₅ alkoxy group, a C₁₋₃ hydroxyalkyl group, a C₂₋₅ (total carbon number) alkoxycarbonyl group, a C₁₋₃ alkylmercapto group, a C₁₋₄ alkylamino group, a C₂₋₈ (total carbon number) dialkylamino group, a halogen atom, a trifluoromethyl group, a carboxyl group, a cyano group, a hydroxyl group, a nitro group, an amino group and an acetamide group.

- 8. (Withdrawn Original) The method according to claim 7 wherein the blood-brain barrier disruption is inhibited by inhibiting increases in permeability of the blood-brain barrier.
- 9. (Withdrawn Previously Presented) The method according to claim 7 wherein the blood-brain barrier disruption is inhibited by inhibiting increases in the amount of inflammatory cytokines in spinal fluid.

- 10. (Withdrawn Previously Presented) The method according to claim 7 wherein the pyrazolone derivative represented by the formula (I) is 3-methyl-1-phenyl-2-pyrazolin-5-one.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A method for preventing and/or treating multiple sclerosis, meningitis, cerebritis or brain abscess which comprises a step of administering to mammals such as a human a mammal having multiple sclerosis, meningitis, cerebritis or brain abscess, an effective amount of a pyrazolone derivative represented by the formula (I) or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof, or a hydrate thereof or a solvate thereof:

$$R^{2} \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{c} R^{1} \\ N \\ N \\ R^{3} \end{array}}$$
 (I)

wherein R¹ represents a hydrogen atom, an aryl group, a C₁₋₅ alkyl group, or a C₃₋₆ (total carbon number) alkoxycarbonylalkyl group; R² represents a hydrogen atom, an aryloxy group, an arylmercapto group, a C₁₋₅ alkyl group or a C₁₋₃ hydroxyalkyl group; or R¹ and R² are combined with each other to represent C₃₋₅ alkylene group; and R³ represents a hydrogen atom, a C₁₋₅ alkyl group, a C₅₋₇ cycloalkyl group, a C₁₋₃ hydroxyalkyl group, a benzyl group, a naphthyl group, a phenyl group, or a phenyl group substituted with the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a C₁₋₅ alkyl group, a C₁₋₅ alkoxy group, a C₁₋₃ hydroxyalkyl group, a C₂₋₅ (total carbon number) alkoxycarbonyl group, a C₁₋₃ alkylmercapto group, a C₁₋₄ alkylamino group, a C₂₋₈ (total carbon number) dialkylamino group, a halogen atom, a trifluoromethyl group, a carboxyl group, a cyano group, a hydroxyl group, a nitro group, an amino group and an acetamide group, whereby the multiple sclerosis, meningitis, cerebritis or brain abscess treated in the mammal.

12. (Original) The method according to claim 11 wherein the pyrazolone derivative represented by the formula (I) is 3-methyl-1-phenyl-2-pyrazolin-5-one.

13.-19. (Canceled)

- 20. (Withdrawn Previously Presented) The method according to claim 8 wherein the blood-brain barrier disruption is inhibited by inhibiting increases in the amount of inflammatory cytokines in spinal fluid.
 - 21. (New) The method according to claim 11, wherein the mammal is a human.
 - 22. (New) The method according to claim 12, wherein the mammal is a human.
- 23. (New) A method for preventing multiple sclerosis, meningitis, cerebritis or brain abscess which comprises administering to a mammal at risk of developing multiple sclerosis, meningitis, cerebritis or brain abscess, an effective amount of a pyrazolone derivative represented by the formula (I) or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof, or a hydrate thereof or a solvate thereof:

$$R^{2} \longrightarrow N \qquad (1)$$

wherein R¹ represents a hydrogen atom, an aryl group, a C₁₋₅ alkyl group, or a C₃₋₆ (total carbon number) alkoxycarbonylalkyl group; R² represents a hydrogen atom, an aryloxy group, an arylmercapto group, a C₁₋₅ alkyl group or a C₁₋₃ hydroxyalkyl group; or R¹ and R² are combined with each other to represent C₃₋₅ alkylene group; and R³ represents a hydrogen atom, a C₁₋₅ alkyl group, a C₅₋₇ cycloalkyl group, a C₁₋₃ hydroxyalkyl group, a benzyl group, a naphthyl group, a phenyl group, or a phenyl group substituted with the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a C₁₋₅ alkyl group, a C₁₋₅ alkoxy group, a C₁₋₃ hydroxyalkyl group, a C₂₋₅ (total carbon number) alkoxycarbonyl group, a C₁₋₃ alkylmercapto group, a C₁₋₄ alkylamino group, a C₂₋₈ (total carbon number) dialkylamino group, a halogen atom, a trifluoromethyl group, a carboxyl group, a cyano group, a hydroxyl group, a nitro group, an amino group and an acetamide group, whereby the multiple sclerosis, meningitis, cerebritis or brain abscess is prevented in the mammal.

24. (New) The method according to claim 23, wherein the mammal is a human.

- 25. (New) The method according to claim 23 wherein the pyrazolone derivative represented by the formula (I) is 3-methyl-1-phenyl-2-pyrazolin-5-one.
 - 26. (New) The method according to claim 25, wherein the mammal is a human.
- 27. (Withdrawn New) The method according to claim 7, wherein the mammal is a human.
- 28. (Withdrawn New) The method according to claim 10, wherein the mammal is a human.